



ASIA PACIFIC CONFERENCE ON LOCALISATION JAKARTA

# STRIDE - LOCALISING EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE THROUGH PARTNERSHIPS

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## Setting the scene

- Strategic Focus Area
   "Reducing the impact of conflicts and natural disaster national disasters"
- Learning from previous emergency interventions
- Commitment to Localisation









### **IRW International Presence on Localisation**



Localising the response of organization: Role of Religious based organization

Sri Lanka

As Local as Possible; as International as Necessary": the role of HR in enabling the localisation of aid

Finland







#### **IRW International Presence on Localisation**



Learning event on local partnership and capacity humanitarian strengthening Thailand



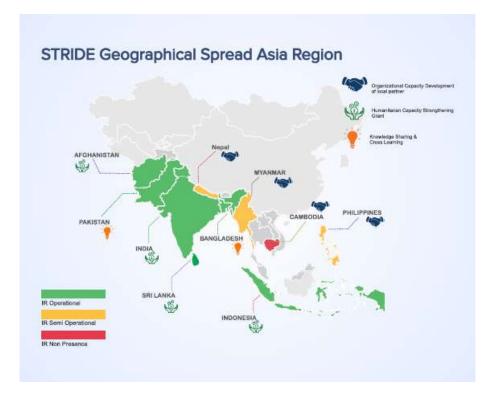


# STRIDE: Strengthening Response Capacity and Institutional Development for Excellence

**Result**: Enhanced organisational capacity of local partners in emergency preparedness and response in priority non-presence countries

**Countries:** Cambodia, Myanmar, Nepal, Philippines

Local Organisations: BATAS Foundation, Social Pastoral Action Center of Daet (SPACFI), Hualngo Land Development Organisation (HLDO), Swanyee Development Foundation (SDF), Northeastern Rural Development (NRD), Tekdeysovanphum Organisation (TDSP)







# **STRIDE:** Areas of work









Enhanced
Preparedness at
Country &
Regional level



Comprehensive capacity
Strengthening initiatives



Organizational development of local partners



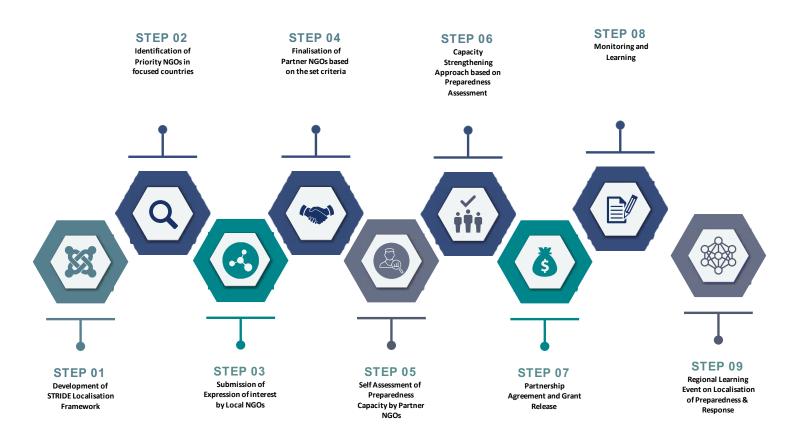
Linkages with regional bodies and institutions







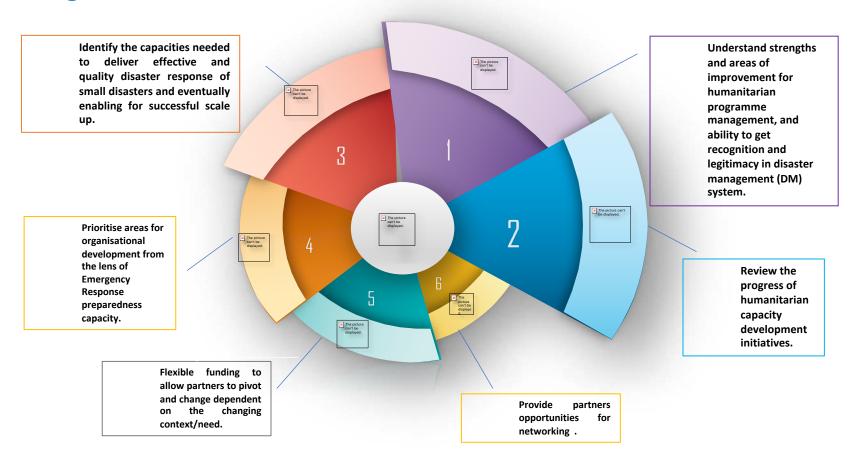
### **Process of engaging Local partners**







# STRIDE localisation Framework aims to enable organisations







## STRIDE: A unique approach

Except for one organisation, local organisations said first time they had experienced such investment in partnerships and whole-of-organisation capacity strengthening:

- Flexibility, adaptability, individuality
- Multifaceted approach to capacity strengthening
- Nature of partnerships and relationships
- Partner selection
- Recognising gaps at all level





### **STRIDE lessons: Successes**

#### Overall feedback on STRIDE was positive:

- Selection of small to medium sized local NGOs beneficial for both local organisations and Islamic Relief
- Flexible, organizational capacity-strengthening valued
- Internal governance of the project through steering committee and working groups effective
- STRIDE had a multiplier effect beyond its initial objectives
- Networking event gave opportunity to learn and extend networks for local organisations





## STRIDE lessons: Challenges

#### Challenges for Islamic Relief:

- Challenging recruitment and stretched human resources for Islamic Relief
- Timing issues and delays
- Roles and responsibilities between HQ, regional office, country offices

#### Challenges for local organisations:

- Forging initial partnerships
- Need for greater orientation and communication
- Difficulties finding skilled staff and consultants
- Late transfers of funds
- Short project timeline





#### STRIDE: Wider learning for localisation and humanitarian action

- Expand stakeholder to CBOs, volunteers, civil society networks and local government in current locations.
- Expand STRIDE model and learning at the Global level.
- Mainstream the values, approaches and learning from STRIDE into all aspects of Islamic Relief's humanitarian work – beyond one-off project
- Develop partnerships with international organizations to support localisation at wider level.
- Make partnership and capacity strengthening central to all job profiles in humanitarian division.
- Mold toward collaborative approach with multi organizations for cross learning, mutual effectiveness and efficiency.



